



# Aniketos Socio-technical Security Modeling Language

Elda Paja (University of Trento)

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ANIKETOS





# STS modeling language (STS-ml)

- Extends Tropos and Secure Tropos exploiting high level abstractions to analyze security
  - Tailored for Service-oriented settings (especially cross-organizational)
  
- Features
  - Focuses on Security Requirements Engineering
    - Detect and analyze security issues early in the SW development process
  - Derive **security specifications** for **services** under development

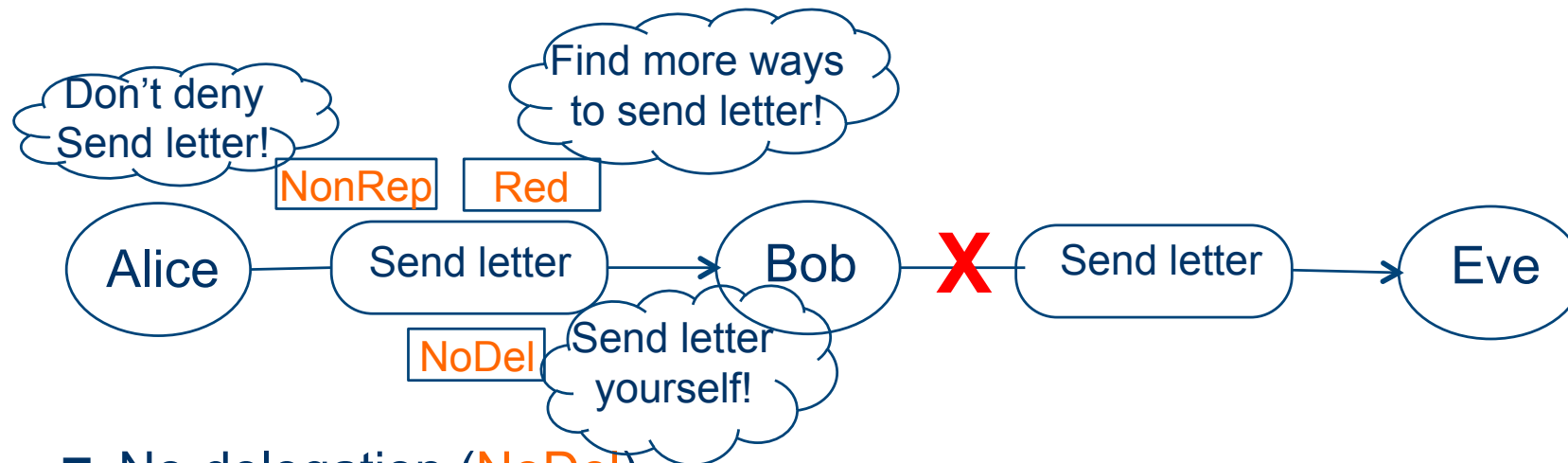


# STS-mI

- Goal-oriented modelling language
- Models are built diagrammatically
  - Graphical Concepts and Relations are used to create models
- What is the expected outcome?
  - An organizational structure that supports a set of **security needs**
  - Security requirements that enable secure and trustworthy interaction



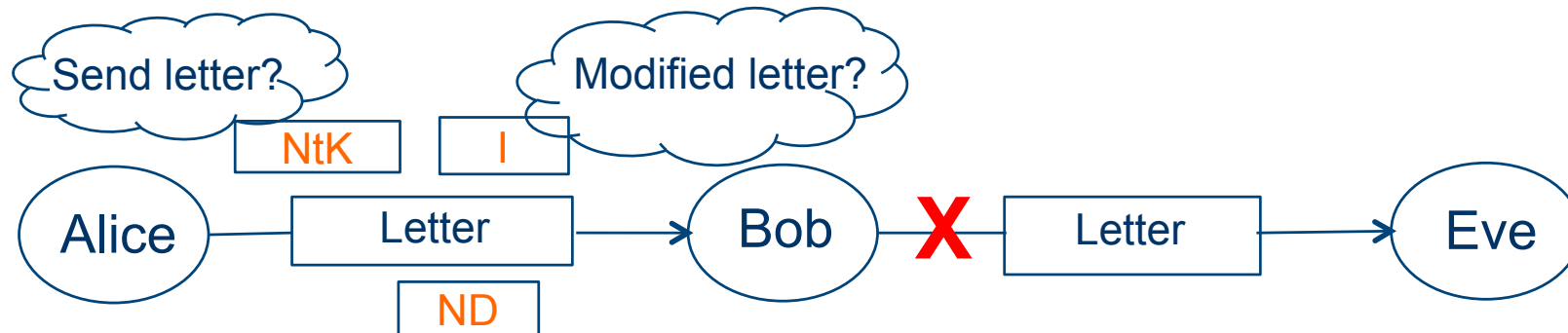
# Security Needs: which kind?



- No-delegation (**NoDel**)
  - Further delegation of the fulfilment of a goal is not allowed
- Non-repudiation (**NonRep**)
  - When delegated the fulfilment of a goal, the actor cannot deny this transfer of responsibility
- Redundancy (**Red**)
  - *Redundancy refers to the various ways of achieving a goal.*
  - *Especially for critical goals, there should be redundant ways for their achievement.*



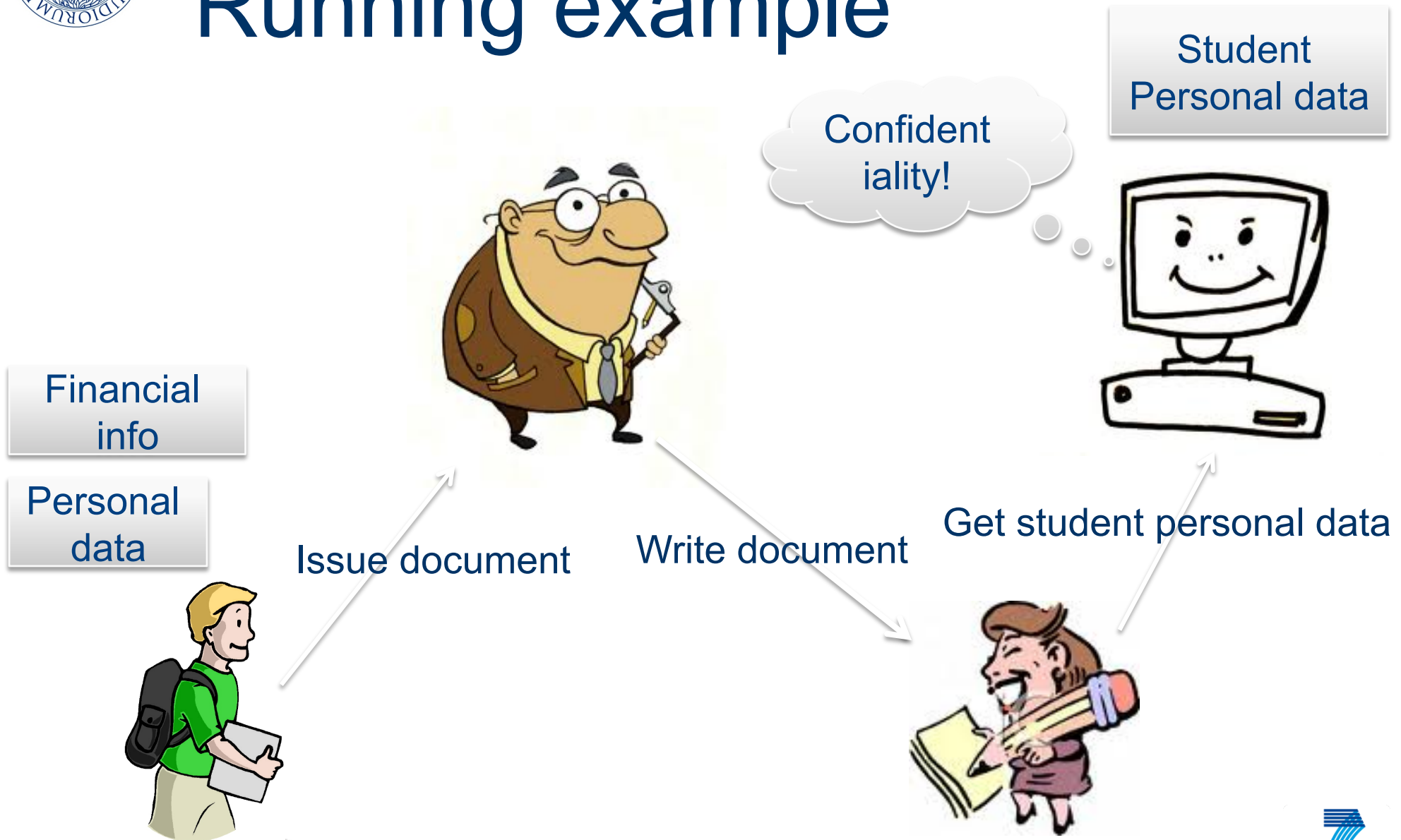
# Security Needs: which kind?



- Need-to-Know (**NtK**): confidential information should be disclosed only for its intended purpose
- Non-Disclosure (**ND**): confidential data should not be further disclosed
- Integrity (**I**): sensitive data has not been modified in an unauthorized and undetected manner



# Running example





# Supported Security needs

## ■ Non-repudiation

- *Programme coordinator wants to ensure non-repudiation for goal “Write document” to the secretary*

## ■ Redundancy

- *Secretary wants the IS manager to adopt redundant strategies to obtain the student’s income statement.*

## ■ No-delegation

- *Secretary wants the IS Manager not to delegate goal “Get student personal data”.*



# Supported Security needs

## ■ Non-disclosure

- *IS Manager might expresses it over resources personal data and financial status granted to the secretary.*

## ■ Need to know

- *Student expresses a need-to-know security need to the IS Manager: personal data and financial status should be produced or distributed in the scope of goal “Write document for immigration office”.*

## ■ Integrity

- *IS Manager expresses such security need passing personal data and financial status to the secretary.*





# Security Needs

- How can we capture them?

Red

NoDel

NonRep

- Expectations concerning security actors impose on social relationships they participate in!

NtK

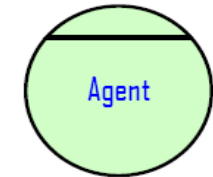
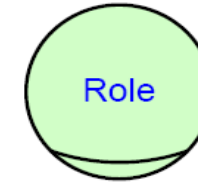
ND

I

- Expectations concerning security regarding data/information usage and flow!



# Actors: Agent and Role

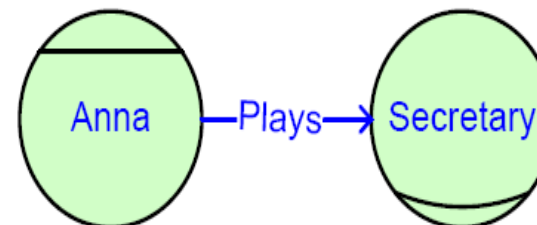


- **Role** is an abstract characterization of the behavior of an active entity within some context

- We do not know who are going to be the participants at runtime, thus we specify such applications at the role level.
- **E.g.:** Professor, Student, ...

- **Agent**

- Play (adopt) roles at runtime, and they can change the roles they play
- **E.g.:** Bob, Alice, Prof. Rossi
- Some agents are known since requirements time
- **E.g.:** Prefecture of Trento





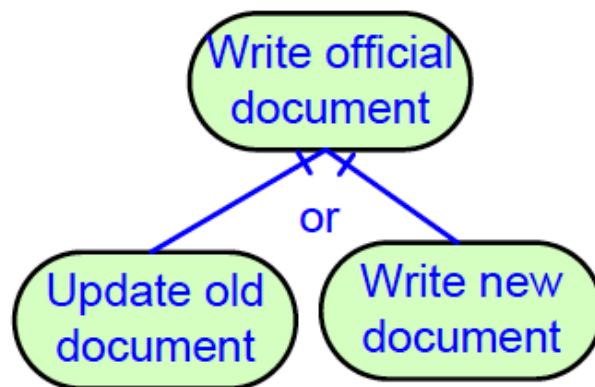
# Goals



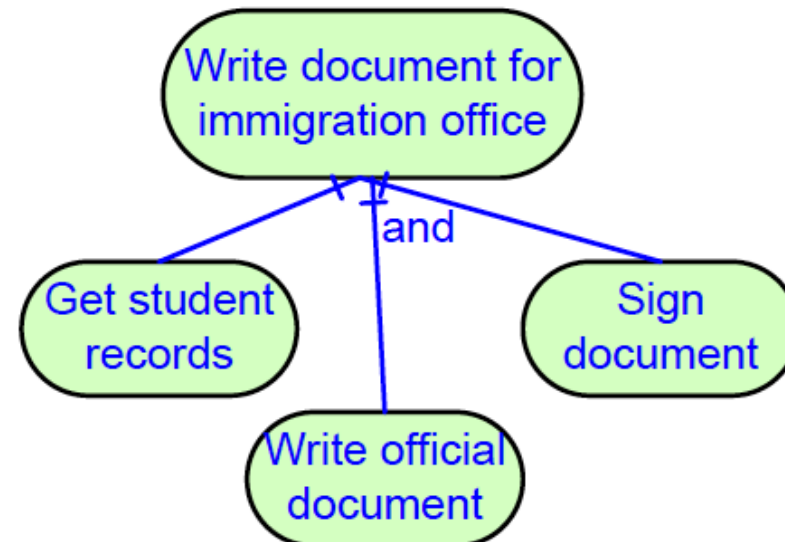
- **Goal** is a state of affair which an actor intends to achieve
  - E.g.: write new document, get student records
  - Used to capture motivations and responsibilities of actors

- **Goal decompositions: refinements**

### Or decomposition



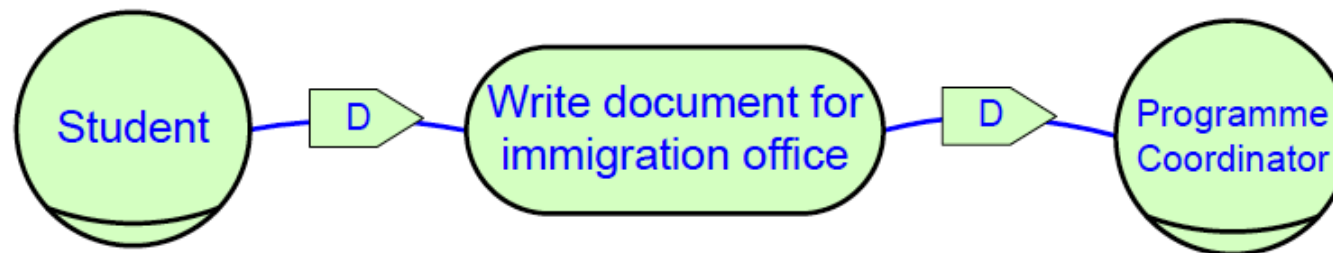
### And decomposition





# Goal Delegation

- A Delegator actor delegates the fulfilment of a goal (delegatum) to a different actor (delegatee)
  - Student is not capable of writing the document on his own, he depends on the programme coordinator to achieve his goal





# Resources

TResource

IResource

- A **Resource** represents a physical or information artifact
- Resource types
  - **Tangible (TResource)**: concrete entities, including electronic ones
    - E.g. e-mail, ID document, financial statement
  - **Intangible (IResource)**: informational content, ideas
    - E.g. birthday, financial status

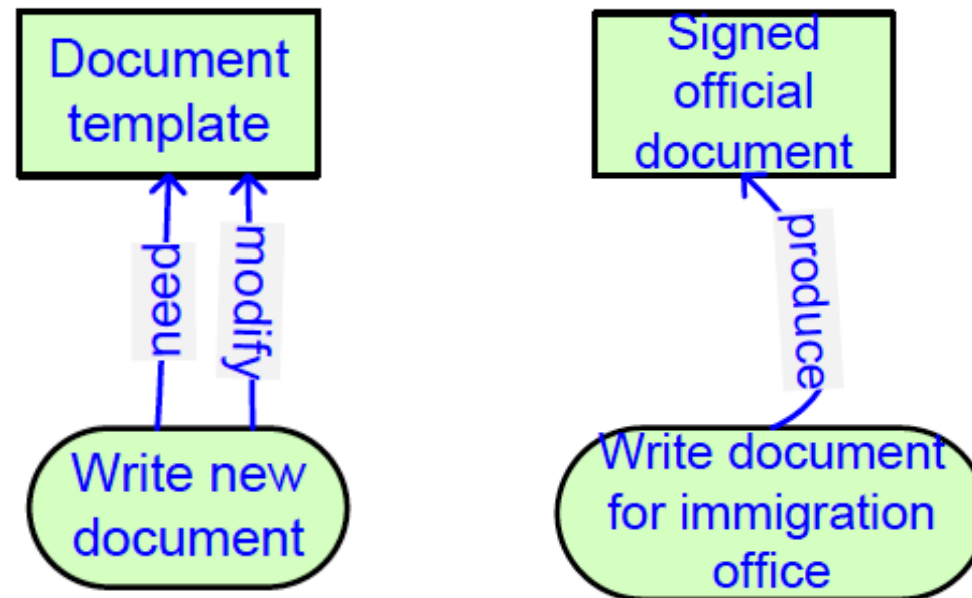
Financial  
statement

Financial  
status



# Goal and Resource relations

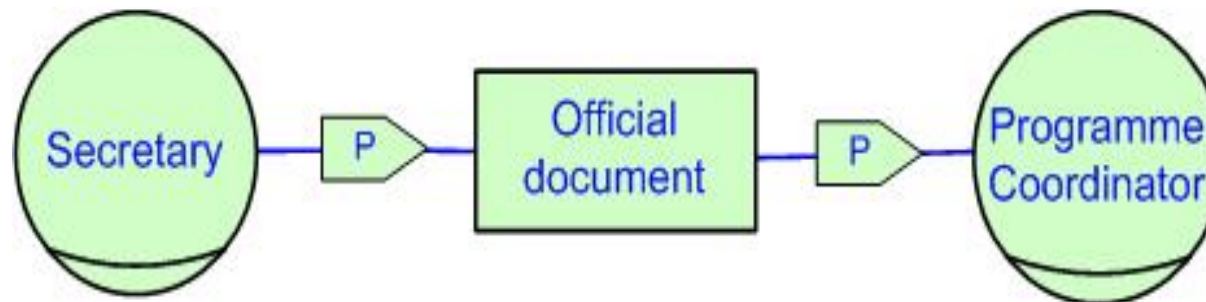
- An actor **needs** one or more resources to fulfil a goal
- An actor **produces** resources while fulfilling a goal
- An actor **modifies** a resource while fulfilling a goal





# Resource provision

- Captures **exchange of tangible resources** between actors
  - Intangible resources **cannot** be transferred unless made concrete by a tangible means!
  - E.g. idea → paper, recommendation, document → official document

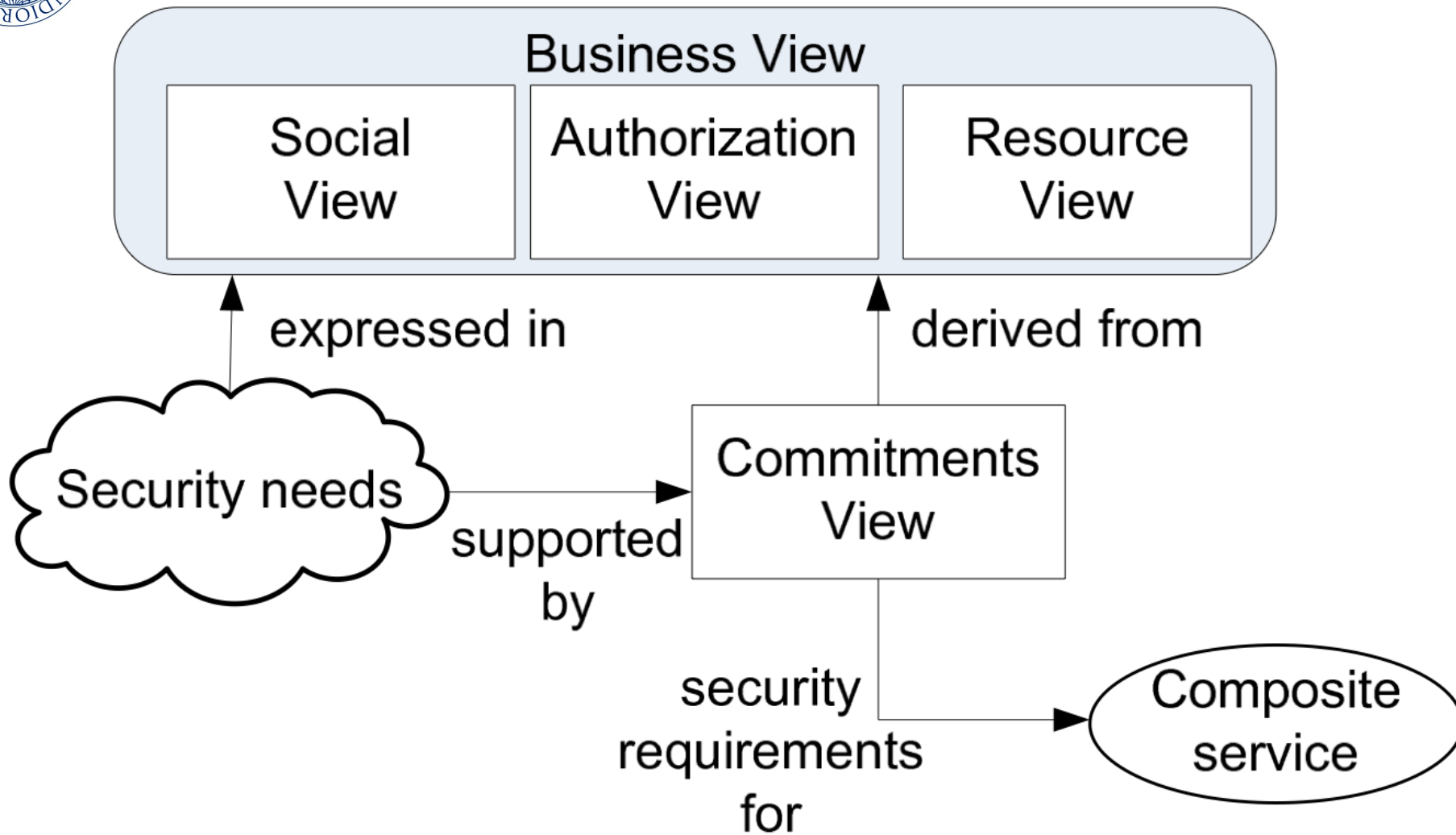


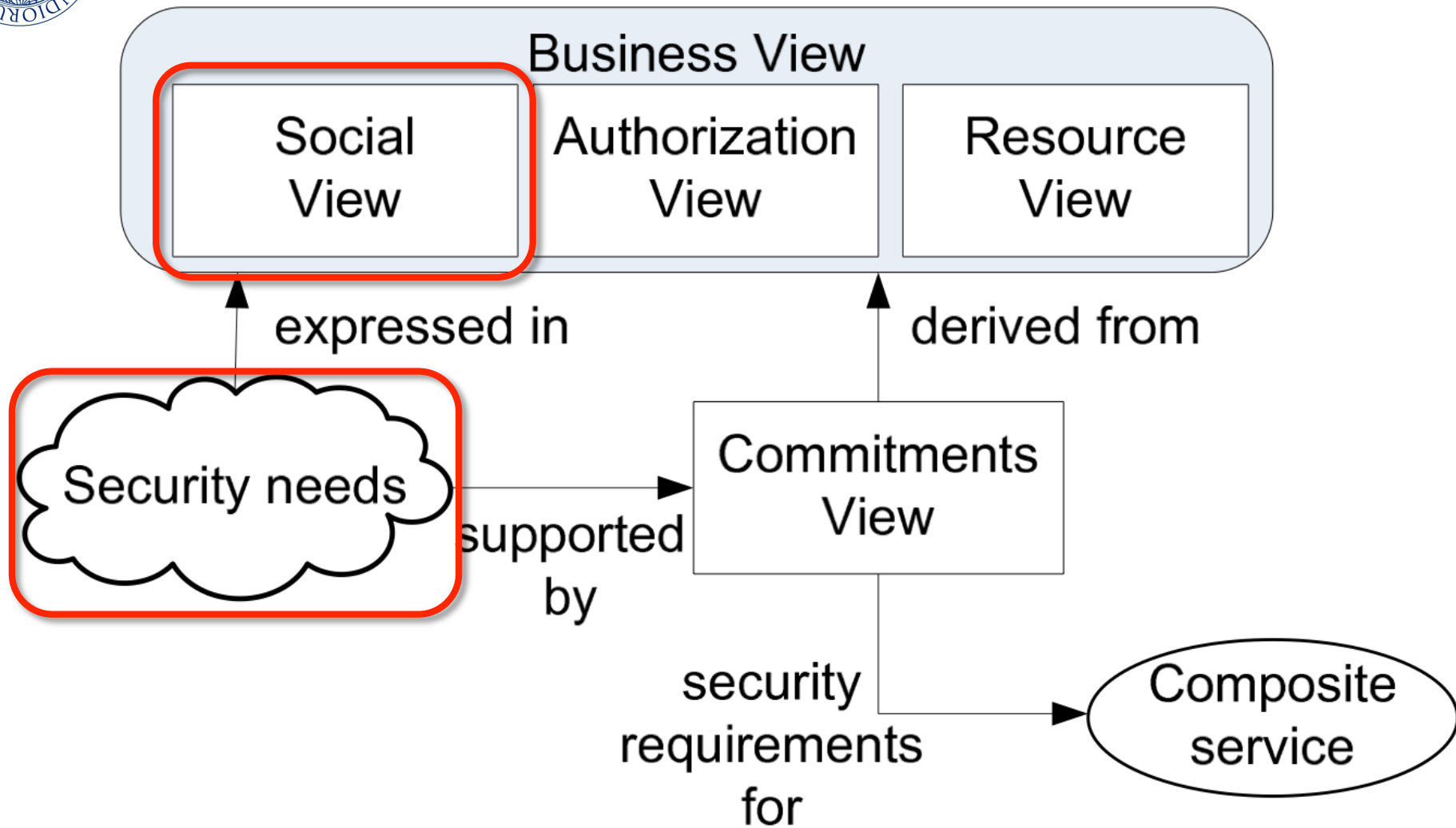


# Aniketos STS modelling language

- Captures security requirements at the **organisational** level
  - We specify applications at the **role** level
- Allows to express security needs
  - Constrain interaction
  - Constrain data usage and flow
- Multi-view modelling
  - Model different *perspectives* of the socio-technical security model separately
  - Promote **modularity** and **separation of concerns**









# Social View

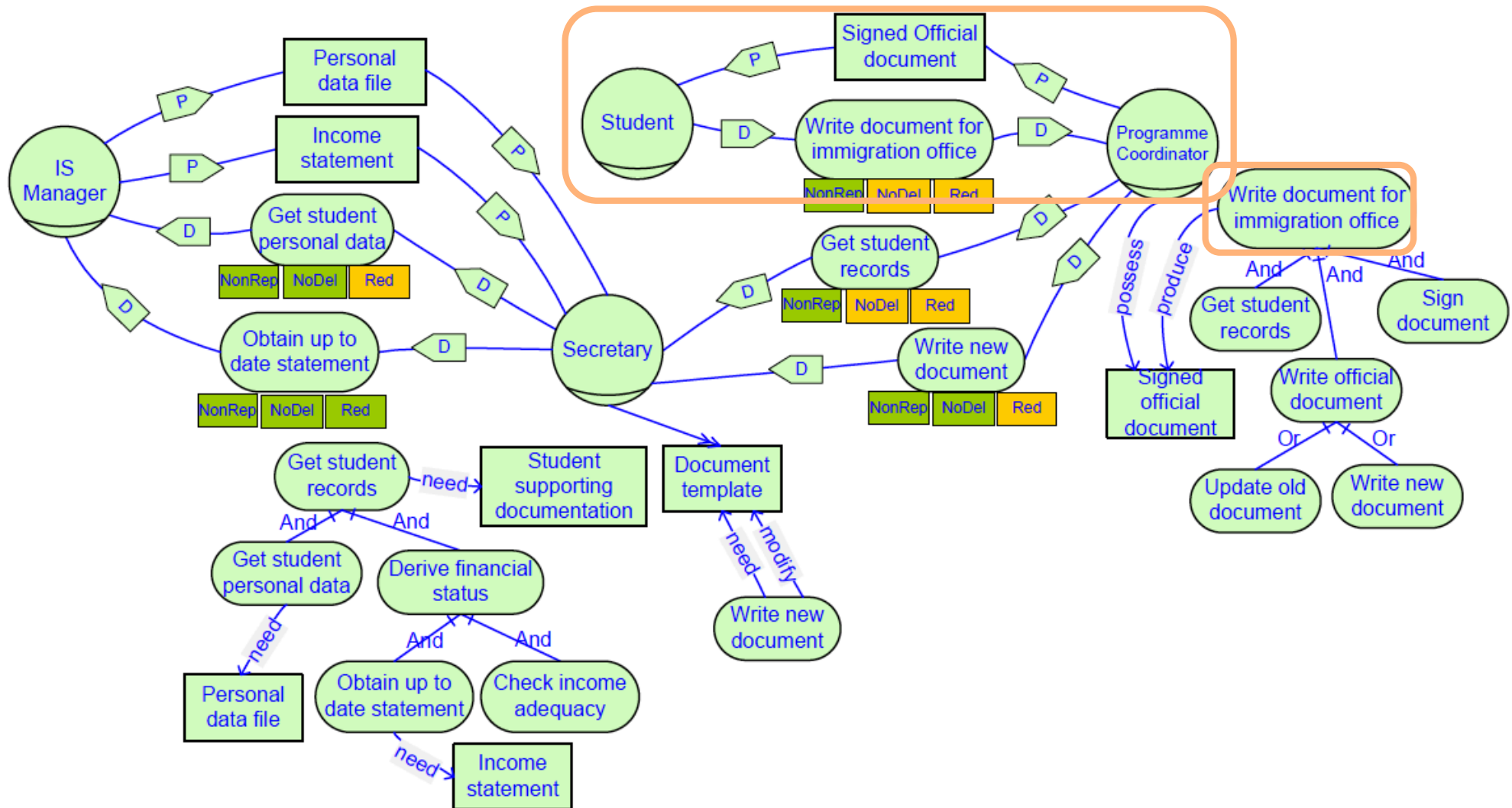
- Actor **intentionality** and **sociality**
  - Goal delegations
  - Resource provisions
- Given that this view represents social relationships actors participate in, they can express their expectations concerning security need!
- Delegations can be **annotated** via **security needs** the delegator wants the delegatee to comply with





# Social View

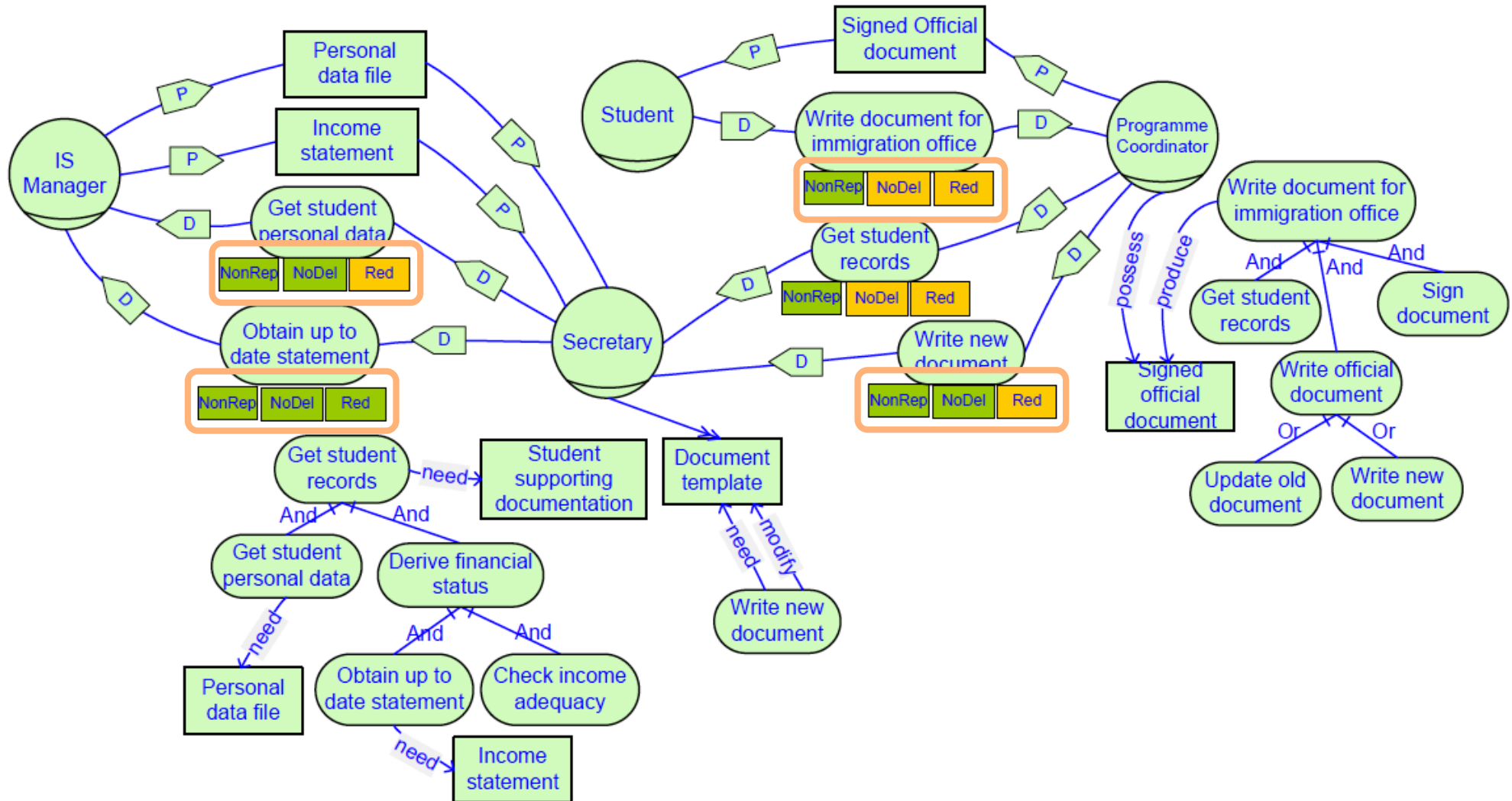
## ■ Actor intentionality and sociality

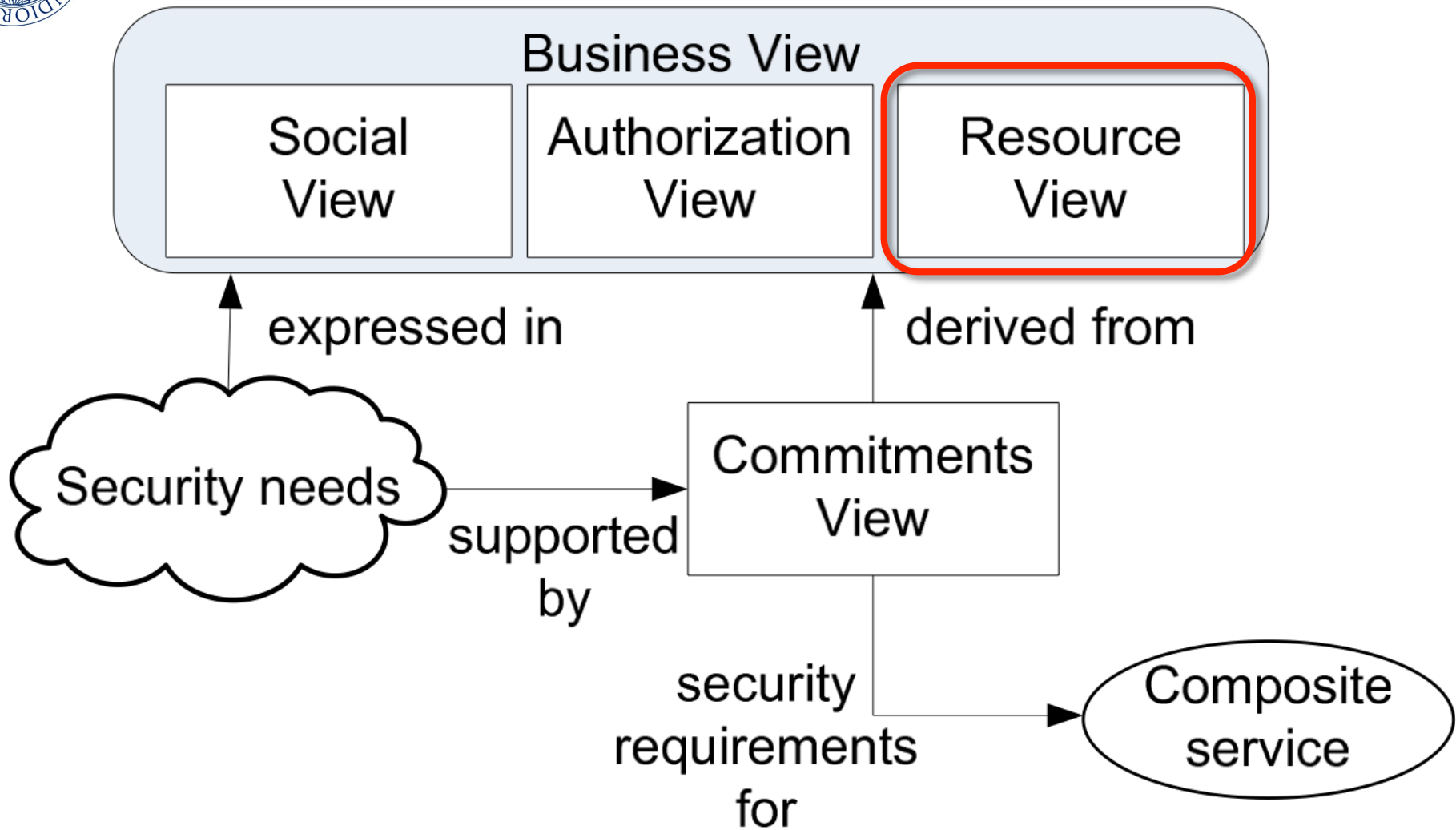




# Social View

## ■ Actor intentionality and sociality







# Resource view

- Characterize the resources in the considered setting
  - How they are structured
  
- Tangible vs Intangible
  - **Made Tangible By:** To understand which information (IResource) is transferred during provision of TResources
  - Composite Resources
    - **Part Of:** Between homogenous resources (tangible to tangible, intangible to intangible)



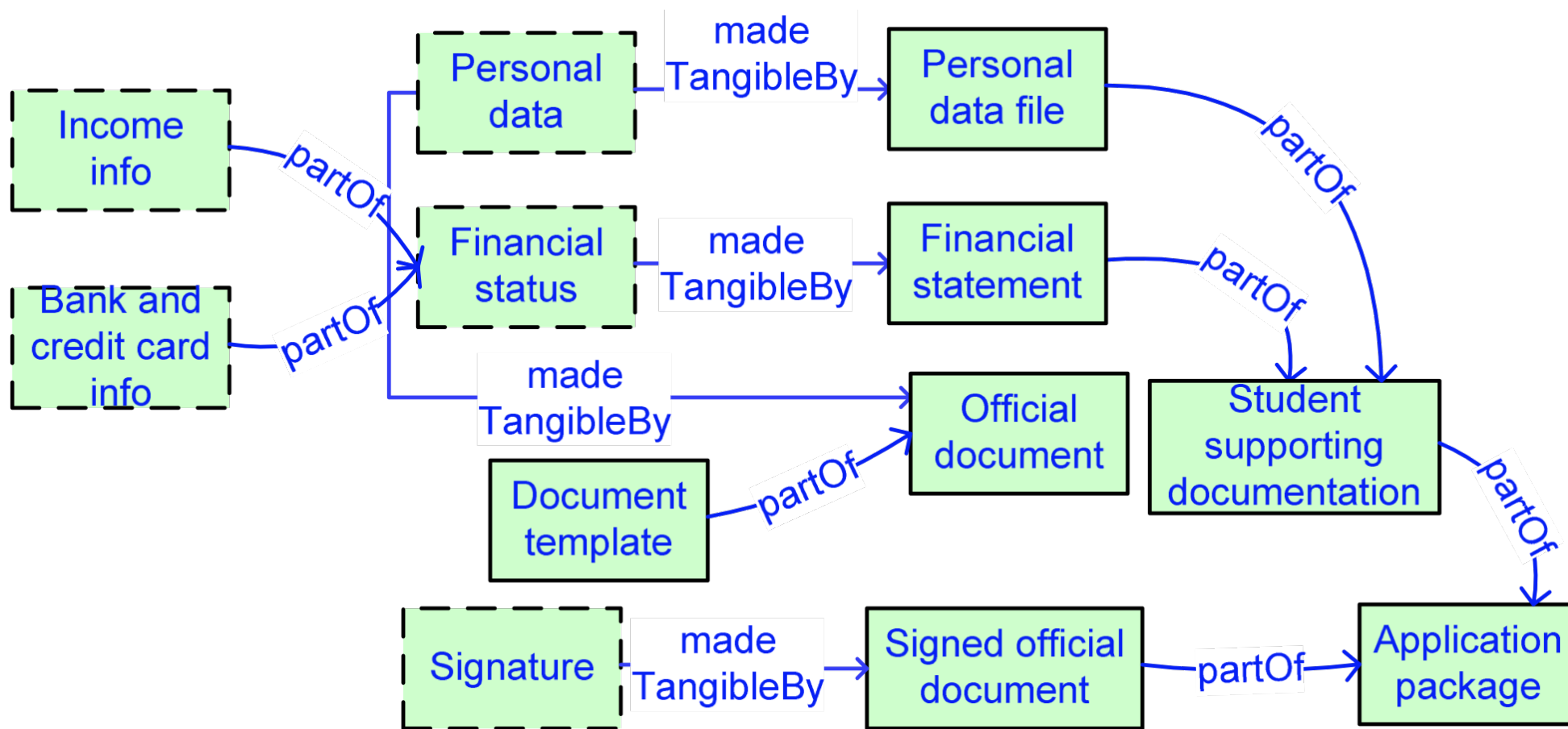
# Resource view

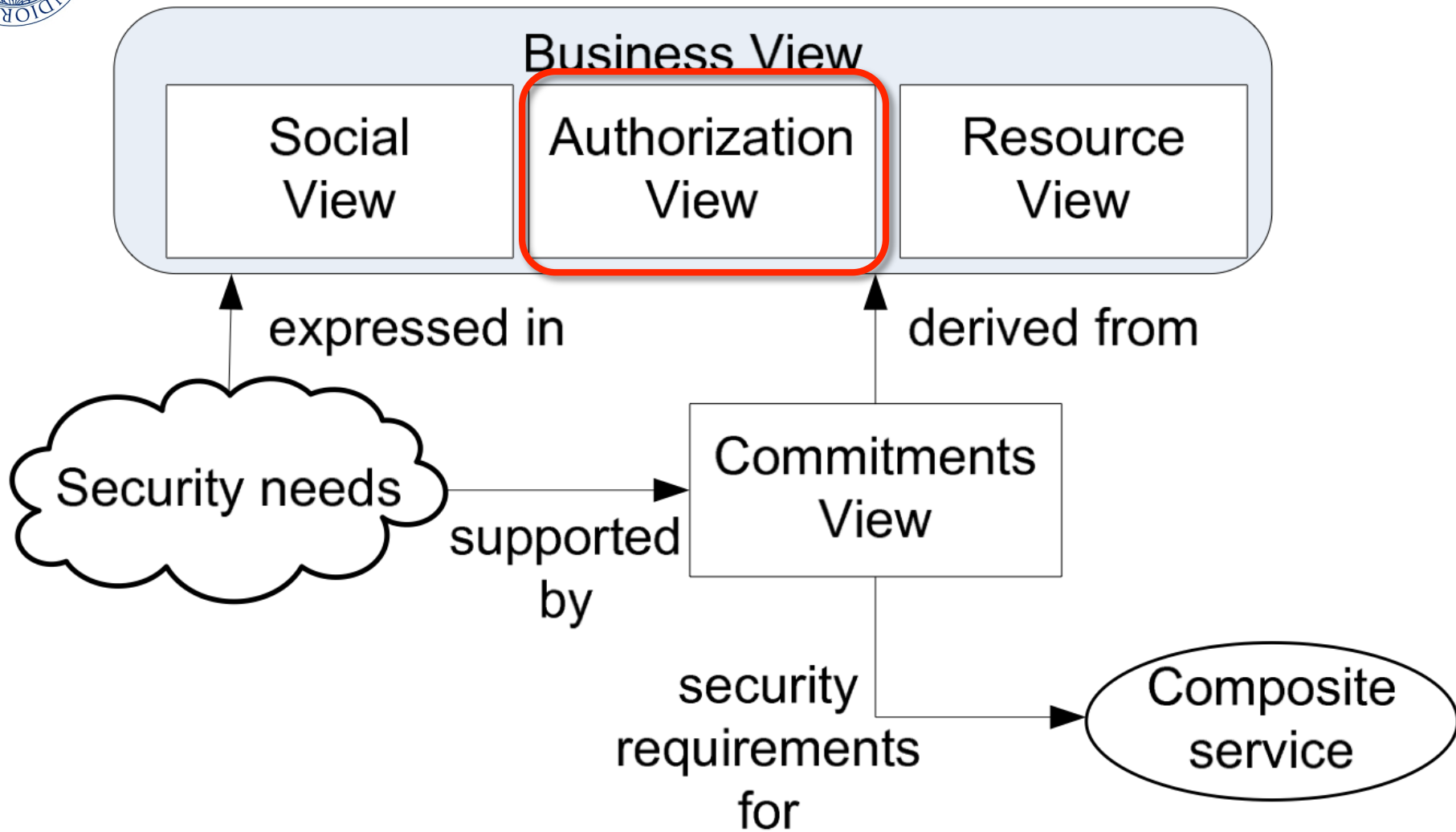
- Flexible representation of resources and relationships between them
  - An **IResource** can be made tangible by **different TResources**
    - E.g.: “Personal data” is made tangible by both “Personal data file” and “Official document”
  - A **TResource** can have **no relevant IResource**
    - E.g.: “Document template” contains no relevant information concerning the issuing of a permit of stay for an international student
  - A **TResource** might **be part of multiple TResources**
    - E.g.: “Income statement” might be part of a scholarship application too.





# Resource view





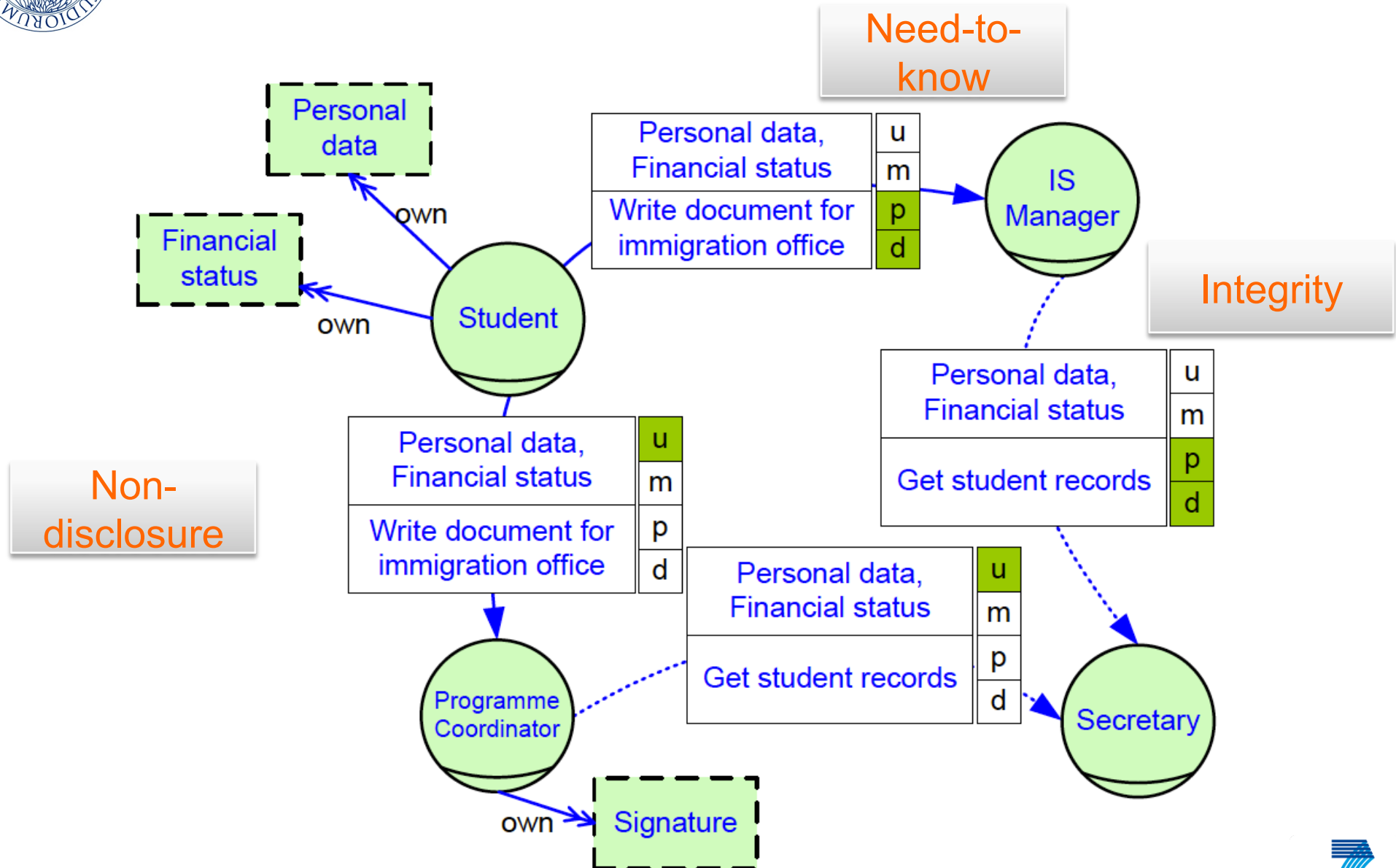


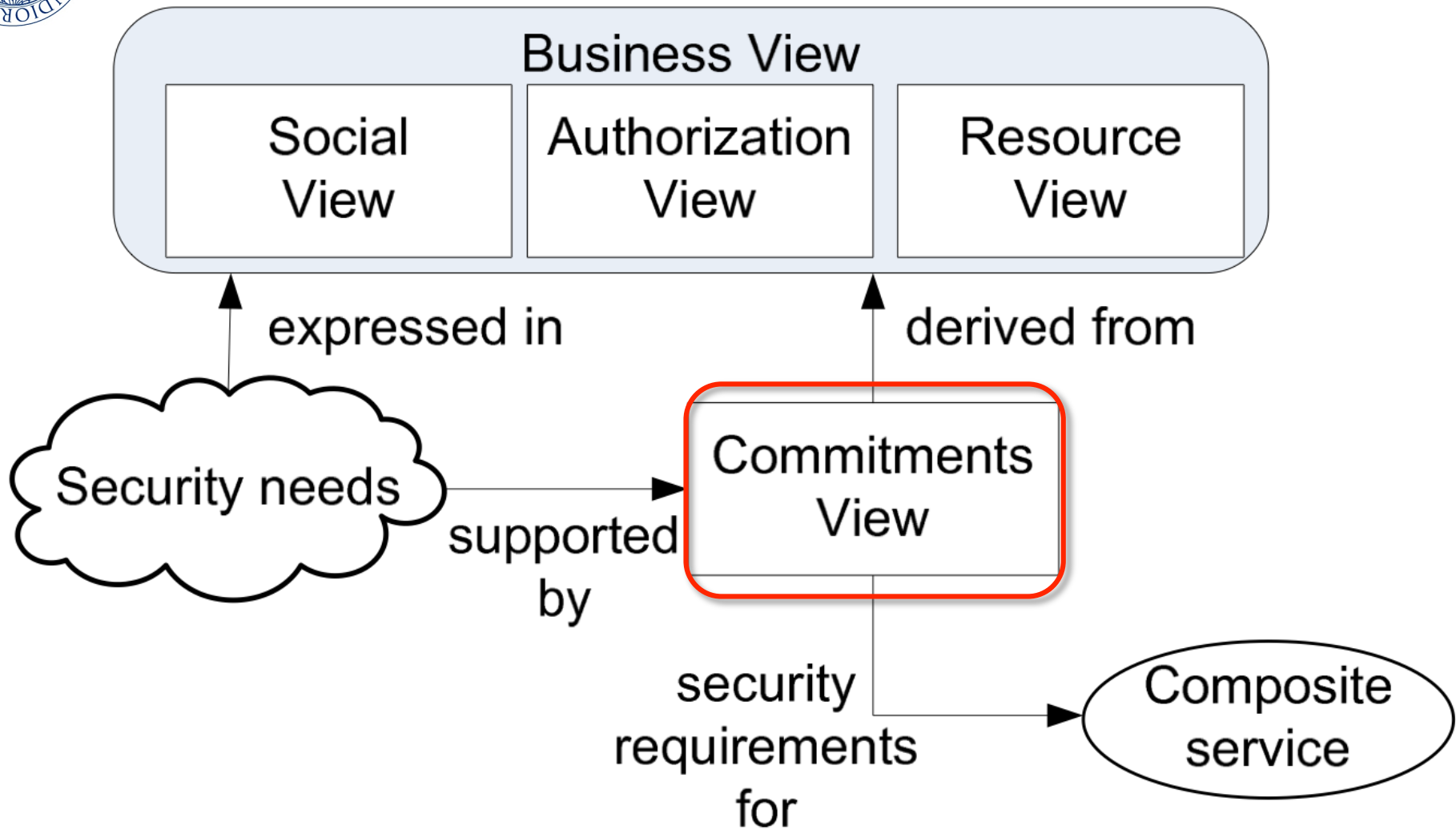
# Authorization view

- Representation of authorizations necessary to determine if resources are **exchanged** and **used** in compliance with confidentiality restrictions.
  
- **Authorization**
  - Transfer of rights between two actors
  
- Authority can be limited by 3 orthogonal attributes:
  - **Scope** (of certain goals)
  - **Operations**
    - Usage, modification, production, distribution
  - **Transferability**
    - Further propagate rights to other actors



# Authorization view







# Ensuring Trustworthiness via Commitments



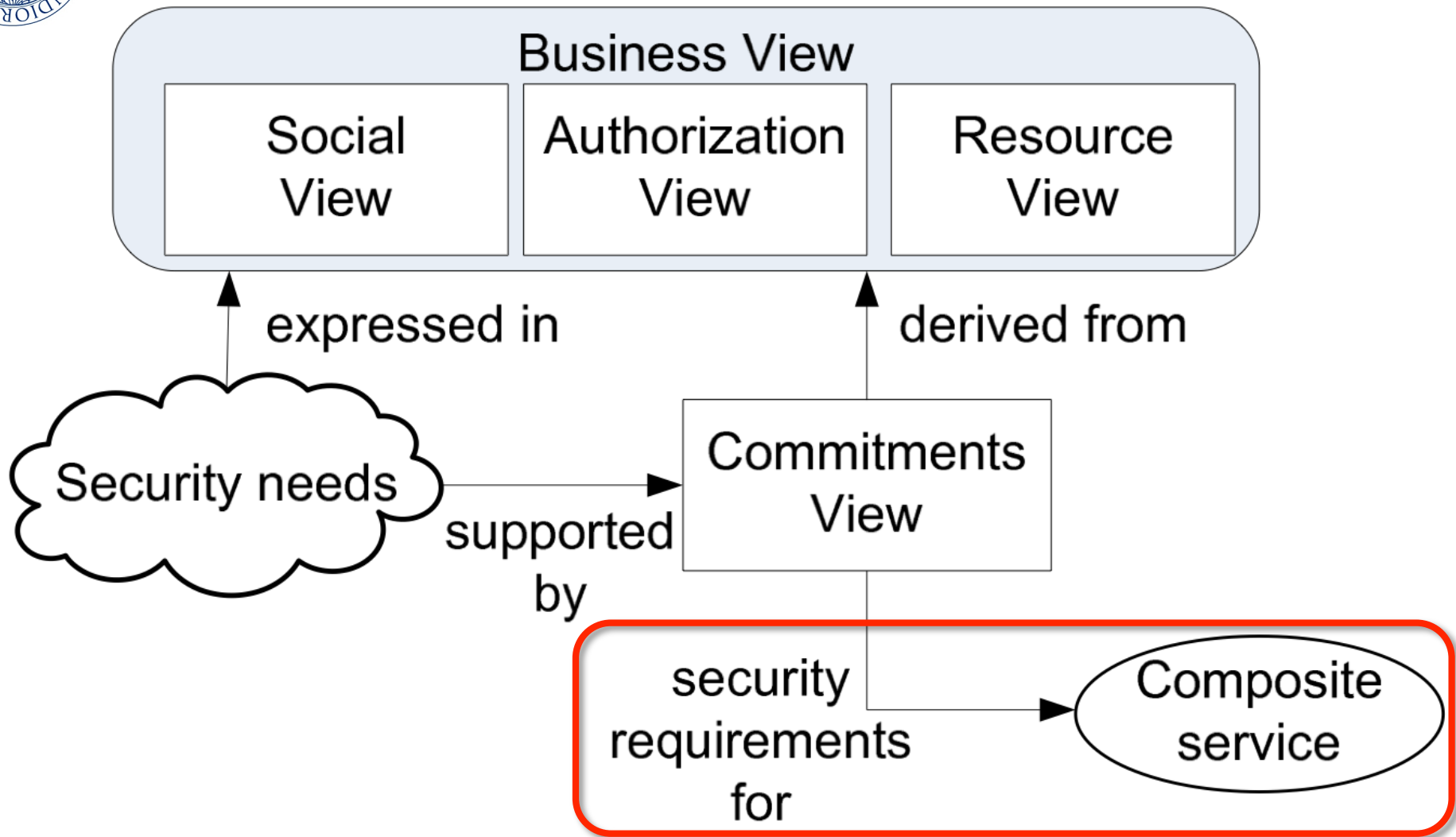
- Social Commitments are a simple yet powerful abstraction to model social **interactions** between actors
  - Interaction in terms of a contractual relation
- Formally
  - quaternary relation  $C$  (*debtor, creditor, antecedent, consequent*)
- Examples
  - A service interface is a set of commitments the service provider makes to prospective service consumers
  - $C$  (*hotel, customer, prepayment done, room booked*)
- Unconditional commitments
  - $C$  (*Assistant, Boss, T, organize trip*)



# Why Social Commitments?



- Mechanism of control
  - Ensure **security needs** are met
  
- Obtain a more robust system
  - Guarantee things work in **compliance** with
    - organizational rules and regulations
    - software restrictions







# Security requirements expressed via commitments

Debtor	Creditor	Security Requirement
IS Manager	Student	need-to-know(personal data ^ financial status, write document for immigration office, p ^ d)
Progr. Coord.	Student	need-to-know(personal data ^ financial status, write document for immigration office, u)
Secretary	Progr. Coord	need-to-know(personal data ^ financial status, get student records ^ write new document, u)
Secretary	IS Manager	need-to-know(personal data ^ financial status, get student records, p ^ d)

Secretary	IS Manager	non-disclosure(personal data ^ financial status)
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IS Manager	Student	integrity(personal data ^ financial status)
Progr. Coord.	Student	integrity(personal data ^ financial status)
Secretary	Progr. Coord.	integrity(official document)
Secretary	IS Manager	integrity(personal data ^ financial status)



## Security requirements expressed via commitments

<b>Debtor</b>	<b>Creditor</b>	<b>Security Requirement</b>
Progr. Coord	Student	non-repudiation(write document for immigration office)
Secretary	Progr. Coord.	non-repudiation(write document ^ get student records)
IS Manager	Secretary	non-repudiation(get student personal data ^ obtain up to date statement)
IS Manager	Secretary	redundancy(obtain up to date statement)
Secretary	Progr. Coord.	no-delegation(write document)
IS Manager	Secretary	no-delegation(get student personal data ^ obtain up to date statement)



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Elda Paja (University of Trento)

[paja@disi.unitn.it](mailto:paja@disi.unitn.it)



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